Code: CS8T1
IV B.Tech - II Semester - Regular / Supplementary Examinations March 2019

## MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS \& FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING)

Duration: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70
PART - A
Answer all the questions. All questions carry equal marks $11 \times 2=22 \mathrm{M}$
1.
a) Equi-marginal Principle.
b) Autonomous Demand.
c) Total outlay Method.
d) Delphi Method of demand forecasting.
e) Isoquants.
f) Economics of scale.
g) Margin of Safety.
h) Oligopoly.
i) Market Penetration.
j) Double-entry system.
k) Internal Rate of Return.
PART - B

Answer any THREE questions. All questions carry equal marks. $3 \times 16=48 \mathrm{M}$
2. a) Define Managerial Economics. Explain its nature. 8 M
b) What are the various determinants of demand? Explain. 8 M
3. a) Define Price elasticity of demand? Explain its types. 8 M
b) Explain the factors governing demand forecasting. 8 M
4. a) Discuss about Cob-Douglas production function. 8 M
b) Briefly explain the following:
(i) Fixed cost.
(ii) Explicit cost.
(iii) Out of pocket cost.
(iv) Opportunity cost.
5. a) Define Perfect Competition? Discuss its features. 8 M
b) Describe any two methods of pricing.
6. a) The following balances are extracted from the books of Chandra for the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2018. Prepare a Trading, Profit \& Loss account and Balance sheet.

| Particulars | Debit (Rs.) | Credit (Rs.) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Capital |  | 70,000 |
| Purchases | 42,000 |  |
| Sales |  | 80,000 |
| Opening Stock | 10,000 |  |
| Wages | 4,000 |  |
| Debtors | 25,000 |  |
| Creditors |  | 10,000 |
| Cash in hand | 30,000 |  |
| Plant and | 30,000 |  |
| Machinery | 15,000 |  |
| Buildings | 10,000 |  |
| Bills Receivable |  | $\mathbf{1 , 6 6 , 0 0 0}$ |
| Bills Payable | $\mathbf{1 , 6 6 , 0 0 0}$ |  |
| Total |  |  |

## Adjustments:

i) Closing stock was valued at Rs. 30,000/-.
b) Consider the case of the company with the following two investment alternatives each costing ₹ $4,50,000$. The details of the cash inflows are as follows:

| Year | Cash flows (in ₹ ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Project-1 | Project- 2 |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $1,50,000$ | $3,00,000$ |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $2,50,000$ | $2,00,000$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $3,00,000$ | $1,50,000$ |

The cost of capital is $10 \%$ per year. Which one will you choose under NPV Method?

